1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	LATHAM & WATKINS LLP Sadik Huseny (Bar No. 224659) sadik.huseny@lw.com Steven M. Bauer (Bar No. 135067) steven.bauer@lw.com Amit Makker (Bar No. 280747) amit.makker@lw.com Shannon D. Lankenau (Bar No. 294263) shannon.lankenau@lw.com 505 Montgomery Street, Suite 2000 San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: 415.391.0600 Facsimile: 415.395.8095 LATHAM & WATKINS LLP Melissa Arbus Sherry (pro hac vice) melissa.sherry@lw.com Richard P. Bress (pro hac vice) rick.bress@lw.com Anne W. Robinson (pro hac vice) anne.robinson@lw.com Tyce R. Walters (pro hac vice) tyce.walters@lw.com Gemma Donofrio (pro hac vice) gemma.donofrio@lw.com Christine C. Smith (pro hac vice) christine.smith@lw.com 555 Eleventh Street NW, Suite 1000 Washington, D.C. 20004 Telephone: 202.637.2200 Facsimile: 202.637.2201	LAWYERS' COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS UNDER LAW Kristen Clarke (pro hac vice) kclarke@lawyerscommittee.org Jon M. Greenbaum (Bar No. 166733) jgreenbaum@lawyerscommittee.org Ezra D. Rosenberg (pro hac vice) erosenberg@lawyerscommittee.org Ajay P. Saini (pro hac vice) asaini@lawyerscommittee.org Maryum Jordan (Bar No. 325447) mjordan@lawyerscommittee.org Pooja Chaudhuri (Bar No. 314847) pchaudhuri@lawyerscommittee.org 1500 K Street NW, Suite 900 Washington, D.C. 20005 Telephone: 202.662.8600 Facsimile: 202.783.0857 Additional counsel and representation information listed in signature block
17 18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION	
19	NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE, et al.,	CASE NO. 5:20-cv-05799-LHK
20	Plaintiffs,	PLAINTIFFS' RESPONSE TO
21	V.	COURT'S RULING ORDERING DEFENDANTS TO SHOW CAUSE
22	WILBUR L. ROSS, JR., et al.,	[DKT. 392]
23	Defendants.	Place: Courtroom 8 Judge: Hon. Lucy H. Koh
24		Judge. Holl. Lucy H. Koll
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Defendants' Response to the Court's Order to Show Cause says nothing about the core question at issue: how is it possible, in light of Defendants' own statements and the multiple Court rulings in this case, that *all* of Defendants' privilege claims (whether in the tens of thousands or some smaller subset of thousands) are going to be bulked together for Plaintiffs and given *en masse* on December 21—with the Judges only being provided access the evening of December 23? That is because there is only one answer. Self-help. It is now nearing 7pm on Friday, December 18, and Defendants have not provided a single privilege log entry to Plaintiffs regarding the claimed 85,000+ documents they have identified in this case as potentially responsive. That includes as to the ~60,000 documents transmitted on Monday evening, which Defendants themselves aptly indicate is a dump of "a veritable truckload of documents," Dkt. 394 at 6, *as well as* the additional ~8,000 documents produced over the last few days, and the ~25,000 potentially privileged subset Defendants have been reviewing for some time.

If Defendants were truly working to comply with the Judges' multiple discovery orders over the last few days—and their own prior statements to the Court, and promises to Plaintiffs—they would have produced some privilege log entries by now. They have not, and they have ignored Plaintiffs' attempts at yet another compromise solution. Dkt. 389. Deliberate defiance, in the face of threatened waiver of privilege, is an embrace of that waiver. Plaintiffs respectfully request that—with respect to all of the potentially responsive documents Defendants have identified and reviewed or are reviewing to date—the Court find Defendants to have waived all privileges in connection with the documents responsive to Plaintiffs' pending document requests and those ordered produced by Judge Koh.

I. BACKGROUND ON DISCOVERY DISPUTES

Plaintiffs have been trying to work with Defendants for over a month on what should have been a basic and straightforward task: Defendants' response to 22 limited requests for production (RFPs) served on November 17, half of which RFPs were sufficient to show requests on basic census metrics and processes. At nearly every turn, Plaintiffs have been stymied. And as of last week, there was simply no time to wait longer, because Defendants had produced a mere 691 documents—mostly old, and mostly duplicates—that were largely irrelevant to the

current and core issues in the case. And a month is fully *half* of the extremely truncated 2-month fact discovery period in this case.

Thus, on Wednesday December 9, Plaintiffs were forced to file a motion to compel. Defendants filed an aggressive opposition in response, laughing off Plaintiffs' concerns and repeated attempts to meet and confer, instead claiming that Plaintiffs' false "incredulity," and "remarkable strategy" of "gamesmanship and intentional flouting of the agreed-upon schedule," "should not be rewarded." Dkt. 371 at 1. The Court granted Plaintiffs' motion to compel on December 10 (Dkt. 372), and then denied Defendants' motion for reconsideration on December 13. Dkt. 380. Defendants then filed a motion for a protective order regarding a Rule 30(b)(6) deposition on December 16, which was also denied (Dkt. 387), and a motion for 502(d) order on December 17, which was just recently denied without prejudice (Dkt. 399).

As the docket for the last 9 days in this case shows, Defendants have spent a significant amount of time and energy in first refusing to respond to Plaintiffs' straightforward document requests, and then in trying to limit as much as possible their discovery obligations. What they have not done is use that energy to provide any privilege logs regarding their claimed 80,000+ documents they have identified as potentially privileged and responsive—notwithstanding their own representations, and the Court's orders on this very issue.

II. DEFENDANTS VIOLATED THIS COURT'S ORDER REGARDING PRIVILEGE LOG PRODUCTIONS, WHICH WAS BASED ON DEFENDANTS' OWN STATEMENTS

Plaintiffs have made several attempts to work with Defendants on a reasonable schedule for production of a privilege log and resolution of privilege disputes, to no avail. During the December 14 meet and confer with Plaintiffs and in the Joint Statement Re: Privilege Log and Privilege Disputes ("Joint Statement") (Dkt. 382), Defendants stated that they would provide a December 14 privilege log. Joint Statement at 2; Plaintiffs' Statement Re: Privilege Logs ("Plaintiffs' Statement") (Dkt. 389) at 1. That log, and the additional privilege entries to be provided on December 17, were to form the basis for the first of two "privilege reviews" that Plaintiffs agreed to. Dkt. 382. The Court relied on that representation in crafting its Order On Further Procedures For In Camera Review Of Documents On Privilege Logs ("Order on

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Privilege Procedures") (Dkt. 382), and "set deadlines flowing from the December 14 privilege log." Order to Show Cause at 1.

Plaintiffs thought that was a reasonable resolution of this issue, despite the weeks of delay by Defendants that had essentially forced such a truncated process. But Defendants did not produce any log accompanying the December 14 production. In a December 16 meet and confer, Plaintiffs informed Defendants that their failure to produce a December 14 privilege log was a violation of the Joint Statement and Order on Privilege Procedures, and that Plaintiffs were significantly concerned that the Magistrate Judge Panel's' Order indicated a belief that such a log would have been produced. The next day, Plaintiffs went above and beyond in seeking yet another reasonable resolution, and proposed to Defendants that the parties make a joint submission to the Court whereby Defendants would produce a privilege log on December 17, which would allow for two separate and substantial privilege log disputes to be briefed before the Court. Defendants rejected that too—even though, remarkably, in the December 14 Joint Statement, Defendants had agreed to just such a log.

There is no justification for this. Defendants' Response To Order To Show Cause ("Defendants' Response") (Dkt. 390) argues that they have not "allowed themselves a one-week extension to serve their first privilege log," alleging that they did not "withhold any documents" from their December 14 production and instead production material that may have been eligible for a privilege claim. Defendants' Response at 1. However, in the same breath, Defendants concede that when reviewing documents for their December 14 production, they "separate[ed] for expedited review other material likely containing core governmental privileges." Id. In other words, Defendants set aside documents that they were likely to assert privilege over, but did not review and compile any of these separated documents into a privilege log, in direct contravention of Defendants' representation in the Joint Statement and the Courts' understanding in its Order on Privilege Procedures. Defendants "made no claims of privilege in their December 14 production" and a log, "if served, would have been entirely blank" because, of their own accord, Defendants chose to temporarily ignore "material likely containing core governmental privileges." Defendants' Response at 1, 4. This is not a justification for an empty privilege

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log—it simply means Defendants decided to segregate out and not conduct any privilege review at all, despite their own representations and the Courts' orders.

Defendants' insistence on ignoring their responsibility to review potentially privileged documents and produce a privilege log is particularly perplexing in light of the December 14 meet and confer and subsequent Joint Statement. As the Joint Statement discusses, Plaintiffs and Defendants agreed to a schedule under which Defendants would produce a privilege log on December 17, 2020. Yet upon receipt of the Court's Order on Privilege Procedures, even though Defendants were aware that they had not produced a December 14 privilege log at all (unlike the Court or the Plaintiffs, who did not receive this privilege log until December 15, after the Court published its Order on Privilege Procedures), Defendants apparently ceased any attempts to produce a privilege log containing documents from the December 14 through December 17 productions.

III. A DETERMINATION THAT DEFENDANTS WAIVED ALL PRIVILEGES IS APPROPRIATE

Contrary to the assertions in Defendants' Response, a finding that Defendants have waived all privileges with respect to the documents responsive to Plaintiffs' pending documents requests and those ordered produced by the Court is appropriate and warranted.

The Ninth Circuit has held that a party's failure to timely produce a privilege log may result in waiver of privileges, Burlington N. & Santa Fe Railway Co. v. United States District Court, 408 F.3d 1142, 1149 (9th Cir. 2005), and courts "have not hesitated to find waiver where a party repeatedly engages in inexcusable or unjustifiable conduct." Porter v. City & Cty. of San Francisco, No. 16-CV-03771-CW(DMR), 2018 WL 4215602, at *6 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 5, 2018).

As Defendants note, the Ninth Circuit in Burlington instructed courts to apply a four factor test in making a "case-by-case determination" of whether a party has waived privilege in in response a request for production: (1) "the degree to which the objection or assertion of privilege enables the litigant seeking discovery and the court to evaluate whether each of the withheld documents is privileged"; (2) "the timeliness of the objection and accompanying

information about the withheld documents"; ¹ (3) "the magnitude of the document production"; and (4) "other particular circumstances of the litigation that make the responding to discovery unusually easy...or unusually hard." *Burlington*, 408 F.3d at 1149.

Here, Defendants have deliberately failed to produce any privilege log corresponding to the December 14 through December 21 production, despite clear orders by the Court in its Amended Order (Dkt. 380) and subsequent Orders, and Defendants' own representations regarding privilege log production. Defendants' failure means that the Court has *no* ability to "evaluate whether each of the [as yet to be provided] withheld documents is privileged" under the first *Burlington* factor. *Id.* Additionally, the "timeliness of the objection and accompanying information about the withheld documents" weighs in favor of waiver, *Id.*; the privilege log production schedule was expressly set by the Court (Dkt. 383), and Defendants' failure to produce a privilege log in violation of the Court's order is inherently untimely. Further, as the Court stated in its Amended Order, Defendants have "fail[ed] to produce documents that Defendants have been on notice about for nearly five months," and Defendants' failure to produce a privilege log in these circumstances is particularly egregious. Amended Order at 5.

Where, as here, a party completely fails to produce a privilege log in the required timeframe, that party's deficient conduct is inexcusable and should result in waiver of privilege. See, e.g., Loop AI Labs Inc. v. Gatti, No. 15-CV-00798-HSG(DMR), 2016 WL 2908415, at *3 (N.D. Cal. May 13, 2016) (finding waiver "warranted by Plaintiff's repeated and unjustified failures to provide a timely and useable privilege log"); La Verne Firefighters Ass'n, Local 3624 v. City of La Verne, No. CV1708743GWAFMX, 2018 WL 6131196, at *1-3 (C.D. Cal. Sept. 5, 2018) (deeming privilege waived where defendant repeatedly failed to comply with court orders to produce adequate privilege log). As in Burlington, where the Ninth Circuit affirmed the district court's waiver of all privileges, concluding that Defendants have waived privileges is similarly appropriate. Burlington, 408 F.3d at 1150.

¹ Here, where the privilege log production schedule was expressly set by the Court (Dkt. 383), defendants' failure to produce a privilege log in violation of the Court's order is inherently untimely.

1	Moreover, Defendants have created a situation in which it will be practically infeasible
2	for the Court or Plaintiffs to proceed under the Order on Privilege Procedures. Defendants'
3	Response "estimate[s] that only a fraction of the 25,512 documents" they may assert privilege
4	over will appear on the December 21 privilege log; Defendants then state that "[s]ome subset" of
5	2,944 documents are potentially subject to executive privilege, and that they may also claim
6	withhold some number of an additional 1,700 documents. Defendants' Response at 3. However,
7	Defendants make no representation that these 2,900 and 1,700 documents are the only universe
8	of documents over which Defendants may claim privilege. And Plaintiffs have received 71,522
9	documents to date from the December 14, December 16, and December 17 productions.
10	Accordingly, Plaintiffs are highly skeptical that, in the course of Defendants reviewing over
11	70,000 documents thus far, in addition to the documents Defendants will review and produce
12	between December 18 and December 21, Defendants will produce a December 21 privilege log
13	that is anything short of significantly large, with thousands of entries.
14	It is December 18, so Defendants most assuredly know whether they have thousands of
15	entries already in their "to be revealed on December 21" privilege log. Logs take time, and do
16	not spring fully-formed, as Athena, from the heads of counsel. But Defendants say nothing of
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the actual expected volume (and of course, are closely guarding the privilege log entries they currently have). Depending on the size, it may well be infeasible for Plaintiffs to sort through and provide objections to such a log within 20 hours. But far more importantly, the Court will be provided with briefing regarding all privilege disputes on December 23, 2020. Due to Defendants' violation of the Courts' orders, the Magistrate Judge Panel will then have the burden of sorting through likely thousands of disputed documents in a short time frame, over the Holidays, particularly given the fast-moving discovery in this case. The Court should not suffer the consequences of Defendants' attempts to delay production of privilege logs.

In these circumstances, waiver is more than appropriate. Defendants' position is entirely of Defendants' own, repeated conduct, and Plaintiffs and the Court should not be forced to contort yet again. Plaintiffs respectfully request that—with respect to all of the potentially responsive documents Defendants have identified and reviewed or are reviewing to date—the

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1	Court find Defendants to have waived all privileges in connection with the documents responsive		
2	to Plaintiffs' pending document requests and those ordered produced by Judge Koh. Dkts. 372,		
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9			
10	Dated: December 18, 2020	LATHAM & WATKINS LLP	
11		By: /s/ Sadik Huseny	
12		Sadik Huseny	
13		Sadik Huseny (Bar No. 224659) sadik.huseny@lw.com	
14		Steven M. Bauer (Bar No. 135067)	
15		steven.bauer@lw.com Amit Makker (Bar No. 280747)	
16		amit.makker@lw.com Shannon D. Lankenau (Bar. No. 294263)	
17		shannon.lankenau@lw.com LATHAM & WATKINS LLP	
18		505 Montgomery Street, Suite 2000 San Francisco, CA 94111	
19		Telephone: 415.391.0600 Facsimile: 415.395.8095	
20		Melissa Arbus Sherry (pro hac vice)	
21		melissa.sherry@lw.com Richard P. Bress (pro hac vice)	
22		rick.bress@lw.com Anne W. Robinson (pro hac vice)	
23		anne.robinson@lw.com Tyce R. Walters (pro hac vice)	
		tyce.walters@lw.com Gemma Donofrio (<i>pro hac vice</i>)	
24		gemma.donofrio@lw.com Christine C. Smith (pro hac vice)	
25		christine.smith@lw.com LATHAM & WATKINS LLP	
26		555 Eleventh Street NW, Suite 1000 Washington, D.C. 20004	
27		Telephone: 202.637.2200 Facsimile: 202.637.2201	
28			

1 2		Attorneys for Plaintiffs National Urban League; League of Women Voters; Black Alliance for Just Immigration; Harris County, Texas; King
3		County, Washington; City of San Jose, California; Rodney Ellis; Adrian Garcia; and
4		the NAACP
5	Dated: December 18, 2020	By: /s/ Jon M. Greenbaum Kristen Clarke (pro hac vice)
6		kclarke@lawyerscommittee.org Jon M. Greenbaum (Bar No. 166733)
7		jgreenbaum@lawyerscommittee.org
8		Ezra D. Rosenberg (pro hac vice) erosenberg@lawyerscommittee.org
9		Ajay Saini (<i>pro hac vice</i>) asaini@lawyerscommitee.org
		Maryum Jordan (Bar No. 325447)
10		mjordan@lawyerscommittee.org Pooja Chaudhuri (Bar No. 314847)
11		pchaudhuri@lawyerscommittee.org
12		LAWYERS' COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS UNDER LAW
13		1500 K Street NW, Suite 900
13		Washington, DC 20005 Telephone: 202.662.8600
14		Facsimile: 202.783.0857
15		Attorneys for Plaintiffs National Urban League;
16		City of San Jose, California; Harris County, Texas; League of Women Voters; King County,
17		Washington; Black Alliance for Just
18		Immigration; Rodney Ellis; Adrian Garcia; the NAACP; and Navajo Nation
19		,
20		Wendy R. Weiser (pro hac vice) weiserw@brennan.law.nyu.edu
		Thomas P. Wolf (<i>pro hac vice</i>) wolft@brennan.law.nyu.edu
21		Kelly M. Percival (pro hac vice)
22		percivalk@brennan.law.nyu.edu BRENNAN CENTER FOR JUSTICE
23		120 Broadway, Suite 1750 New York, NY 10271
24		Telephone: 646.292.8310
25		Facsimile: 212.463.7308
26		Attorneys for Plaintiffs National Urban League; City of San Jose, California; Harris County,
27		Texas; League of Women Voters; King County, Washington; Black Alliance for Just
28		Immigration; Rodney Ellis; Adrian Garcia; the NAACP; and Navajo Nation
		Q . Q

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1		
2		Attorneys for Plaintiff City of Salinas
3	Dated: December 18, 2020	By: /s/ Rafey S. Balabanian
		Rafey S. Balabanian (Bar No. 315962) rbalabanian@edelson.com
4		Lily E. Hough (Bar No. 315277)
5		lhough@edelson.com EDELSON P.C.
6		123 Townsend Street, Suite 100
7		San Francisco, CA 94107 Telephone: 415.212.9300
8		Facsimile: 415.373.9435
		Rebecca Hirsch (pro hac vice)
9		rebecca.hirsch2@cityofchicago.org CORPORATION COUNSEL FOR THE
10		CITY OF CHICAGO
11		Mark A. Flessner Stephen J. Kane
12		121 N. LaSalle Street, Room 600
13		Chicago, IL 60602 Telephone: (312) 744-8143
		Facsimile: (312) 744-5185
14 15		Attorneys for Plaintiff City of Chicago
16	Dated: December 18, 2020	By: /s/ Donald R. Pongrace
		Donald R. Pongrace (<i>pro hac vice</i>) dpongrace@akingump.com
17		Merrill C. Godfrey (Bar No. 200437)
18		mgodfrey@akingump.com AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD
19		LLP 2001 K St., N.W.
20		Washington, D.C. 20006
21		Telephone: (202) 887-4000 Facsimile: 202-887-4288
22		Attorneys for Plaintiff Gila River Indian
23		Community
24	Dated: December 18, 2020	By: <u>/s/ David I. Holtzman</u> David I. Holtzman (Bar No. 299287)
25		David.Holtzman@hklaw.com
26		HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP Daniel P. Kappes
		Jacqueline N. Harvey 50 California Street, 28th Floor
27		San Francisco, CA 94111
28		Telephone: (415) 743-6970